A Study on the effectiveness of Test-Categories based test analysis

10th Apr. 2016 InSTA2016 <u>Tsuyoshi Yumoto</u>, Tohru Matsuodani, Kazuhiko Tsuda

Agenda

1. INTRODUCTION

2. VARIABILITY OF TEST ANALYSIS RESULTS

- 3. AN APPROACH OF TEST CATEGORIES BASED TESTING
- 4. REMARKS FROM THE VERIFICATION EXPERIMENT
- 5. CONCLUSION

1. Introduction

Along with a rapid increase in the size and complexity of software today, the number of required test cases is also increasing.



2. VARIABILITY OF TEST ANALYSIS RESULTS

Generally, a significant number of testers should be assigned to a project in order to manage this increase of test cases.

Therefore, there are no clearly defined general rules for <u>test development</u> process (see next page).

•	They are develope	d according to	o the individual's	own judgment.
---	-------------------	----------------	--------------------	---------------

pattern	description	quantity	
Spec-item	Specification of the test object. e.g. when XX is input , result will be XX2	18	Analyzed
Test case	Precondition, action, expected result	19	Implemented
P-V Parameters and values	e.g. P:date V:10 th Apr. 11 th Apr.	17	Analyzed
Scenario	e.g. 1. Input XXX to the field A 2. Click the button B 3. Check the screen will be change to C	3	Implemented

This has the potential to cause the lacking or duplication of test cases

2. VARIABILITY OF TEST ANALYSIS RESULTS(Cont.)

Definition of Test development process and Test analysis

• Testing performed at each level depicted in the V model has a process similar to the development process, and three activities, test analysis, test design, and test implementation in the test process are called <u>Test development process</u>.



A set of rules for a <u>test analysis method</u> for black box testing utilizing Test-Categories based on the Application Under Test (AUT) and fault knowledge have been proposed.

Overview of the method

The logical structure of a feature

Test –Category

The procedure and document format

The logical structure of a feature

 It can be used to test the feature in a MECE way . Each box in the logical structure can be a useful guide to determine the required test conditions.



Logical Structure... a MECE way to find test conditions from features.

The logical structure of a feature

• It can be used to test the feature in a MECE way . Each box in the logical structure can be a useful guide to determine the required test conditions.

Tests for single function

These can be analyzed based on patterns of input and output data
(I/O data pattern)



Tests for combination of functions

- These can be analyzed based on patterns of State transitions, or data sharing etc.

Tests for external factors

 These can be analyzed for non-functional testing.



Logical Structure... a MECE way to find test conditions from features.

Test-Category

9

- In order to have a consistent interpretation of determining test conditions, a name specialized for the AUT is put in each box of the logical structure.
- In order to ensure for clearly understanding the meaning of Test-Category, • potential failures and/or faults which may arise for Test-Category are





The Main benefit of this method

- Higher test coverage overall, delivering higher quality testing
 - By implementing the set of rules it will be easier to determine the necessary test conditions.

Our hypothesis

The following issues currently make determining the necessary test conditions difficult:

- 1. Certain aspects of specification are not written if they are thought to be obvious.
- Specification is not completely written within single target section in a document. (for example: a behavior about a combination of functions)
- When many testers are involved in test development and proceed according to the procedure and document format, all of the testers can carry out their work according to the same set of rules.

The developed suite of test conditions are more comprehensive and do not contain duplicates

The 1st and 2nd verification experiment Overview



Evaluation results of the verification experiment

- Eight comparison results table were taken from the two verification experiments.
- There was a measurable improvement resulting from implementing the Test-Categories method for seven out of eight teams.
- However, there was no indication as to exactly which categories received the greatest benefit from implementing the method.

Logic al	Team					
Struc ture	TM1	TM2	TM3	TM4	TM5	TM6
Conv	В	A	В	В	в	В
Input						
Output	-	-	-	•	-	A+
Storage	-	A+	-	A+	A+	-
Support	В	В	В	В	В	В
Intreraction	В	A	A	A+	A	A+

Music reproduction equipment

Flight Book Ing Application

Logic at	Team		
Structure	TMI	TM2	
Conv	A	A	
Insut	A	В	
Output	A	A	
Storage	A	A	
Succort	В	A	
Intreraction	В	A	

The 3rd verification experiment Overview

- Experiment results ware taken from each attendants(57).
- Implementation knowledge of test analysis method are divided.



Evaluation results of the verification experiment

- Test conditions that many attendants can identify : Conversion 51->53)
- Test conditions that many attendants improve by test category based test analysis :
 - Output(32->43), Storage(9->41), Interaction(5->7)
 - Support(9->15), Interaction(8->19)



Test conditions specified number per participant.

Test conditions specified percentage per participant.

pattern		description	quantity	
Spec-item		Specification of the test object. e.g. when XX, result will be XX	18	Analyzed
Test case		Precondition, action, expected result	19	Implemented
P-V Parameters and values		e.g. P:date V:10 th Apr. 11 th Apr.	17	Analyzed
Scenario		e.g. 1. Input XXX to the field A 2. Click the button B 3. Check the screen will be change to C	3	Implemented
	0.5 Sp 0.4 Sp 0.3 Sc 0.2 0.1 0 -0.1 Tes	ec-item enario	Spec-item P-V Scenario Test case	
16 -0.3 -0.4		P-V Correlation between the d	lescription pattern	

Conclusion

- Through these verification experiments, it has been observed that after briefly explaining this proposed method to participants, there was a measurable improvement in quantity and consistency of spec-item which they were able to determine.
- Further verification experiments are necessary in order to carry out trend analysis with higher accuracy.
- Conducting further experiments and deepening our understanding of the tendencies and factors relating to effectiveness of the proposed method, rules for creating Test-Categories based on the AUT knowledge and fault knowledge can be more refined.

Thanks

References

[1] C.Jones, "Estimating Software Costs 2nd Edition": McGraw-Hill, 2007.

[2] D.Longstreet, "Productivity of Software from 1970 to Present",

http://www.softwaremetrics.com/Articles/history.htm, 2000

[3] C.Ebert, and C.Jones. "Embedded Software: Facts, Figures, and Future." IEEE Computer 42.4 ,2009, pp 42-52.

[4] N.Owada"System integration 'straightforward way'", Nikkei Business Publications, Inc, 2009 (In Japanese).

[5] S. Eldh, H.Hansson, and S.Punnekkat, "Analysis of mistakes as a method to improve test case design." In Software Testing, Verification and Validation (ICST), 2011 IEEE Fourth International Conference on.IEEE,2011,pp. 70-79

[6] T.Yumoto, T.Matsuodani, and K.Tsuda. "A Test Analysis Method for Black Box Testing Using AUT and Fault Knowledge.": Procedia Computer Science 22,2013, pp.551-560.

[7] ISTQB FLWG, "Foundation Level Syllabus Version 2011": International Software Testing Qualifications Board , 2011.

[8] T.J.Ostrand, and M.J.Balcer, "The category-partition method for specifying and generating fuctional tests.":Communications of the ACM 31.6 ,1988,pp. 676-686.

[9] M.Grindal, and J.Offutt, "Input parameter modeling for combination strategies.": IASTED International Conference on Software Engineering (SE 2007), 2007.

[10] G.J.Myers, C.Sandler, and T.Badgett, "The art of software testing ": Wiley, 2011.

References (cont.)

[11] B.Beizer, "Software testing techniques ": Dreamtech Press, 2003.

[12] Y.Nishi, "Viewpoint-based Test Architecture Design.": Software Security and Reliability Companion (SERE-C), 2012 IEEE Sixth International Conference on. IEEE (2012), pp.194-197.

[13] K.Akiyama, T.Takagi, and Z.Furukawa, "Development and Evaluation of HAYST Method Tool (Software Testing)." : SoMeT. ,2010, pp.398-414

[14] S.Omura, "Phenomenology of general system": gohodoshoppan, 2005 (In Japanese).

[15] "IEEE standard for software test documentation ": IEEE829. 2002,2002

[16] Rasiel, E. M. The McKinsey Way. McGraw-Hill; 1999.

[17] Tsuyoshi Yumoto,Tohru Matsuodani,Kazuhiko Tsuda. "A practical Using Method for Efficent Design of Functionai Testing": 75th National Convention of IPSJ; 2013, paper#5B-4 (In Japanese).

[18] J.A.Whittaker, "How to break software ": Addison Wesley, 2003.